QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN FOR TRUPACT-II GAS GENERATION TEST PROGRAM



JANUARY 2006

This document supersedes DOE/WIPP 01-3187, Revision 2

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY CARLSBAD FIELD OFFICE

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY CARLSBAD FIELD OFFICE

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ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

CBFO Carlsbad Field Office

CH-TRAMPAC Contact-Handled Transuranic Waste Authorized Methods for Payload

Control

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

DQO data quality objective

GGTP Gas Generation Test Program (the Program)

ppm parts per million

PRQL program-required quantitation limit

QA quality assurance

QAO quality assurance objective

QAPD Quality Assurance Program Document

QAPjP Quality Assurance Project Plan QAPP Quality Assurance Program Plan

QC quality control

TRUPACT-II Transuranic Package Transporter-II

VOC volatile organic compound

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Gas Generation Test Program (GGTP), referred to as the Program, is designed to establish the concentration of flammable gases and/or gas generation rates in a test category waste container intended for shipment in the Transuranic Package Transporter-II (TRUPACT-II) or HalfPACT packagings. The phrase "gas generation testing" shall refer to any activity that establishes the flammable gas concentration or the flammable gas generation rate. This includes, but is not limited to, measurements performed directly on waste containers or during tests performed on waste containers. This Quality Assurance Program Plan (QAPP) documents the quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC) requirements that apply to the Program. The requirements and technical bases for allowable flammable gas concentration and gas generation rates are described in the Contact-Handled Transuranic Waste Authorized Methods for Payload Control (CH-TRAMPAC) (Reference 1).

As described in Section 5.2.5 of the CH-TRAMPAC, the gas generation rate can be measured on a statistical subpopulation of containers as defined in the Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure, Inc. report, "UFGTP Long-Term Objective Implementation Methodology," and be applied to the other containers in the same waste stream. In conjunction with the "UFGTP Long-Term Objective Implementation Methodology," Section 5.2.5.5 of the CH-TRAMPAC delineates the implementation of this method and data reduction needed.

2.0 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

This section describes the Program organization, the scope of the Program, and the data quality controls required for the Program. The minimum requirements for Program participants are specified throughout this document by the use of the terms "shall," "will," or "must." All U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) sites participating in the Program shall meet the requirements of this QAPP.

2.1 Program Organization

This section describes the roles and responsibilities of the participants in the Program. The Program participants include the DOE-Carlsbad Field Office (CBFO) and participating DOE sites.

2.1.1 DOE-CBFO

The DOE-CBFO is responsible for the overall management of the Program and for review and approval of implementing documents.

2.1.2 Participating DOE Sites

The DOE sites that perform gas generation testing under a QA program that has successfully passed a certification audit and has been certified by CBFO Office of Characterization and Transportation pursuant to the requirements of this QAPP and the DOE Quality Assurance Program Document (QAPD) (Reference 2) will be considered compliant. Sites performing gas generation tests are responsible for establishing site programs in compliance with the Program, as documented in a site-specific quality assurance project plan (QAPjP) that provides detailed and comprehensive guidance to effectively

implement the applicable QA and QC requirements of this QAPP and the DOE QAPD. The QAPjPs will be submitted to the DOE-CBFO for review and approval. The QAPjPs shall include or be supplemented by standard operating procedures, work plans, or work instructions that include detailed instructions for maintaining quality while performing Program tasks. The Program organization at each participating site shall, at a minimum, consist of the following (Note: Multiple job titles may be held by a single person to meet site-specific needs).

2.1.2.1 GGTP Manager

The GGTP Manager shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the gas generation test apparatus and the management of the data generated from GGTP operations.

2.1.2.2 GGTP Technical Supervisor

The GGTP Technical Supervisor assists the GGTP Manager in the coordination of GGTP operations and shall document any nonconformances in testing operations.

2.1.2.3 GGTP Independent Technical Reviewer

The GGTP Independent Technical Reviewer shall be responsible for performing technical reviews of GGTP batch reports prior to transmittal to the GGTP QA Officer.

2.1.2.4 GGTP QA Officer

The GGTP QA Officer shall be responsible for the review of GGTP testing data, GGTP batch reports, and nonconformance documentation.

2.2 Program Scope

The Program, as described in this QAPP and the CH-TRAMPAC, defines the gas generation testing requirements for the qualification of contact-handled transuranic test category waste.

2.3 Program Data Quality Controls

2.3.1 Data Quality Objectives

The data quality objectives (DQOs) for the Program are as follows:

- <u>Total Gas Generation Rate</u> For Waste Type IV, establish the total gas generation rate in the waste container. This information will be used to evaluate compliance with the allowable total gas generation rate for a waste container that cannot be shown to be compliant by conservative theoretical analysis.
- <u>Hydrogen/Methane Gas Generation Rate</u> Establish the gas generation rate of hydrogen and methane in the waste container. This information will be used to assess compliance with the limits on the flammable gas generation rate for a waste container.
- <u>Flammable Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Concentration</u> If the flammable VOC concentration cannot be shown through acceptable or process knowledge to be less than or equal to 500 parts per million (ppm) by volume, establish the headspace concentration

of flammable VOCs in a waste container. This information will be used to assess compliance with the limits on the flammable gas in the waste container.

2.3.2 Quality Assurance Objectives

The quality assurance objectives (QAOs) specified in this QAPP establish minimum requirements for the measurement and representation of DQOs. The QAOs are: precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and comparability. These elements are defined in Section 4.3 of this plan.

3.0 QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

The DOE QAPD describes and establishes the DOE-CBFO QA program and identifies the sources of all applicable QA requirements. Sites performing gas generation testing in support of compliance determinations for transportation shall demonstrate compliance under the DOE-CBFO QA program that is consistent with Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 71 (10 CFR 71), Subpart H, Quality Assurance. Sites performing this work that have successfully passed a certification audit and have been certified by the CBFO Office of Characterization and Transportation per the requirements of the DOE QAPD will be considered compliant. The GGTP QAPP is a subset of the comprehensive QA program to meet the requirements of the DOE QAPD and is specific only to the performance of the gas generation testing, which includes definitions for the QAOs in Section 4.3 of this plan. As such, the quality requirements discussed in this document are limited to those that apply to the activities associated with gas generation testing. This section identifies the minimum required documentation for sites participating in the Program.

3.1 Records

Sites shall maintain sufficient written records to describe the project activities identified in the TRU Waste Program. The records must include the QAPjP and the instructions and procedures required to prescribe QA activities and related specifications, such as required qualifications of procedures and equipment. The records must include instructions or procedures establishing a records retention program that designates factors such as duration, location, and assigned responsibility. The site shall retain the QA records for a minimum of three years after containers covered by these records have been shipped.

3.2 Training

Personnel shall be trained and qualified to ensure they are capable of performing their assigned tasks and to ensure that job proficiency is maintained. All personnel involved in the Program shall be trained in accordance with site-specific training methodology. The training and qualification requirements for each of the positions shall be documented and shall be commensurate with the function each is to perform.

3.3 Procurement

The design bases and other requirements necessary to ensure adequate quality shall be included or referenced in procurement documents for any equipment and services affecting quality. Site-specific procedures, as approved by the CBFO, shall ensure compliance with procurement document requirements through supplier qualification/receipt inspection.

3.4 Software

Any software used in data collection or reduction shall be qualified under a site-specific software QA program. Evaluation and qualification of software under site-specific procedures, as approved by the CBFO, shall be documented.

4.0 GGTP DATA MEASUREMENT OR DETERMINATION

The criteria for selection of the waste containers for the Program and the waste parameters that must be characterized prior to the test are described in the CH-TRAMPAC. The site shall also verify that the waste meets one of the definitions of test category waste, as follows:

- The waste container decay heat exceeds analytical limit
- The waste type has no bounding G value
- The flammable VOC concentration in container headspace cannot be demonstrated to be less than or equal to 500 ppm.

A parameter, e.g., void volume, required to determine gas generation rates may be estimated, instead of measured, if it can be shown that the use of the estimated parameter value will result in a conservative (higher) calculated gas generation rate than that calculated using a measured parameter value. Sites shall maintain records that document that the parameter estimation is conservative and has been approved by DOE-CBFO for use in gas generation testing. Methane gas sampling and analysis shall be required to meet DQO in cases where the methane generation rate is not accounted for by theoretical analysis (see Section 4.2).^a Validated gas sampling and analysis data and results for a given container remain valid if the container is opened unless the container contents have been changed. If container contents have been changed and gas sampling or testing data are required, the data must be obtained again.

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^aThe derivation of conservative G values shows that for Waste Type I (solidified inorganic waste) there is no methane generation. For Waste Types II and III, a conservative estimate for the methane generation rate is 2.5% of the hydrogen generation rate (G value of 0.1 versus 4) (Reference 1). If methane is not sampled for, a value of 2.5% of the hydrogen generation rate or hydrogen concentration must be added in determining compliance with the limits. For Waste Type IV, the methane generation rate can be estimated by multiplying the methane-to-hydrogen concentration ratio measured in the container headspace at ambient conditions and the hydrogen generation rate established from container testing.

4.1 Flammable VOC Concentration in Container Headspace

If it cannot be established through acceptable or process knowledge that the flammable VOC concentration in the container headspace is less than or equal to 500 ppm by volume, the headspace gas shall be sampled and analyzed to determine the flammable VOC concentration. Measurement of flammable VOCs is part of the Program because of their contribution to the flammability potential within the container. Sites shall be responsible for ensuring that containers have reached an acceptable equilibrium condition prior to container testing, as defined in the CH-TRAMPAC.

4.2 Gas Generation Rates

A process shall be developed to establish the generation rate of hydrogen, methane, or total gas in a waste container. Allowable processes for establishing gas generation rates, as specified in the CH-TRAMPAC, may consist of measurement of waste container headspace concentrations or container testing. Procedures for each process, including allowable operating temperatures, are described in the CH-TRAMPAC. Each site shall prepare a test standard operating procedure, as approved by the CBFO, describing site-specific implementation of the procedures in the CH-TRAMPAC. Any combination of hardware and software that collects data that meets the QAOs listed in Section 4.3 may be used. Site-specific testing procedures, as approved by the CBFO, must ensure that hydrogen recombiners or getters are not present during any process designed to establish gas generation rates.

Implementation of the long-term objective shall be as described in Section 5.2.5.5 of the CH-TRAMPAC. Site-specific implementation must be documented in programs and procedures approved by CBFO.

4.3 Quality Assurance Objectives

All measured parameters must comply with the QAOs listed in this section.

4.3.1 Precision and Accuracy

The QAO for precision of the measured or calculated hydrogen/methane and total gas generation rates shall be less than or equal to a relative percent difference of 25 percent. The QAO for accuracy of the measured or calculated hydrogen/methane and total gas generation rates shall be between 70 to 130 percent recovery. In the case where a gas generation rate is not measured directly but calculated from knowledge of other measured or estimated parameters, the requirements of precision and accuracy listed above shall be met as demonstrated through an error propagation analysis.

For a specific DOE site, the program-required quantification limits (PRQLs) for hydrogen/methane and total gas generation rates shall be specified as no higher than the respective lowest allowable generation rate of waste to be shipped from that site. The site must have the capability to quantify the gas generation rates at the PRQLs.

4.3.2 Representativeness

In order to ensure representativeness of gas samples, leak tests or system monitoring shall be performed on the test and gas-sampling systems in accordance with site-specific requirements that have been approved by CBFO.

4.3.3 Completeness

All waste containers in which the flammable VOC concentration cannot be shown through acceptable knowledge or process knowledge to be less than or equal to 500 ppm by volume shall have a valid gas sample collected and analyzed to establish the flammable VOC concentration.

Containers that undergo gas generation testing shall have valid parameter measurements to establish the hydrogen and methane gas generation rates in the container.

All containers where compliance with the total gas generation limits is not shown by conservative theoretical analysis in accordance with the CH-TRAMPAC shall have valid parameter values to establish the total gas generation rate.

4.3.4 Comparability

Comparability of data shall be ensured through the use of standardized, approved testing, sampling, and analytical techniques. Consistent use and application of uniform procedures, calibration of analysis instruments against nationally acceptable (traceable to NIST) or manufacturer-certified standards, and use of instruments that are of the required precision and accuracy should ensure data measurements on different waste containers are comparable.

4.4 QC Requirements for Program Sampling and Analysis

To ensure that data of known and documented quality are produced from the Program gas sampling and analysis procedures, laboratory personnel collecting gas samples from containers shall comply with site-specific QC requirements for additional samples within a sampling batch. A batch is defined on a site-specific basis and shall be statistically defensible.

4.5 Equipment Testing, Inspection, and Maintenance Requirements
Site-specific procedures shall be developed to control the use, testing, inspection, handling, storage,

maintenance, and calibration of measuring and test equipment.

5.0 DATA MANAGEMENT, REDUCTION, REVIEW, VALIDATION, AND REPORTING

5.1 Data Management

Prior to Program testing, a container selection process is performed as described in the CH-TRAMPAC. The selection process shall compile the following container information:

- Container number
- Packaging date (if applicable)
- Wattage
- Date of last headspace disturbance (if applicable)
- Preliminary shipping category.

The container shall then be prepared for gas generation testing in accordance with the site-specific procedure(s). Site-specific procedures shall detail the steps of pre-test, test, and post-test activities to ensure data quality and include instructions for tasks such as apparatus bolt torquing and leak testing, allowance for container equilibration times, measurement of temperature and pressure, void volume determination, scheduling of gas samples, maintenance of chain-of-custody forms for sample containers, and any task that the site determines appropriate.

All measured test data shall be validated in accordance with site-specific plans or procedures that specify the acceptance criteria used to determine data validity, compliant with the requirements in the CH-TRAMPAC, and shall indicate the personnel responsible for performing the data validation.

5.2 Data Reduction

If gas generation rate calculations are based on mathematical models of the waste container and the testing apparatus, the basis and assumptions used in the model shall be valid for the population of containers and testing equipment used. The mathematical model shall be checked by a knowledgeable subject matter expert for adequacy and accuracy. Program calculations and data reporting shall be performed in accordance with site-specific procedures, which shall conform with the methodology described in the CH-TRAMPAC and compliant with the QAPD. The data calculation and reporting shall be verified and validated. The complete data package shall be assembled for independent review and validation in accordance with site-specific procedures.

5.3 Data Review and Validation

Data review and validation at the data generation level shall be reviewed by an independent reviewer and signature released from designated personnel such as the GGTP Technical Supervisor or the GGTP QA Officer. These reviews shall be documented using appropriate checklists signed by the reviewer(s). The reviewed data, assembled as a data package (as defined by the sites to meet their individual needs), shall consist of the following at a minimum:

- <u>Batch Data Reports</u> Testing and sampling batch data reports shall contain data reduced for reporting as required by the CH-TRAMPAC.
- <u>Proof of Independent Technical Review</u> The review checklist shall ensure that the characterization data have been collected and documented in accordance with the Program requirements. The review shall ensure that:
- Data generation and reduction are conducted in a technically correct manner in accordance with the method used.

- Data are reported in proper units and to the correct number of significant figures.
- Calculations are performed with a valid calculation program, or hand calculations have been independently checked.
- Data are reviewed for transcription errors.
- QA documentation is complete.

The GGTP Independent Technical Reviewer shall perform a technical review of the data. The GGTP Technical Supervisor or the GGTP QA Officer shall sign the package to confirm that the documentation is complete and that the QAOs have been met.

5.4 Data Reporting

Site-specific procedures shall be developed to control data reporting to the DOE-CBFO. The report forms must include all of the information required in the test procedure, as well as signature releases to indicate document review and validation. The container testing data will be used to qualify the container for shipping and for preparing the payload shipping documentation. The batch data reports shall be identified with a unique identification number, and the pages shall be numbered with inclusive pagination.

6.0 NONCONFORMANCES

Nonconformance reports shall be generated in accordance with site-specific procedures. Suitable methods for segregation and disposition of failed containers shall be identified and documented.

7.0 REFERENCES

- 1. U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). Contact-Handled Transuranic Waste Authorized Methods for Payload Control (CH-TRAMPAC), NRC Docket No. 71-9218, current revision, U.S. Department of Energy, Carlsbad Field Office, Carlsbad, New Mexico.
- 2. U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). Quality Assurance Program Document, DOE/CBFO 94-1012, current revision, U.S. Department of Energy, Carlsbad Field Office, Carlsbad, New Mexico.
- 3. Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure, Inc., current version, "UFGTP Long-Term Objective Implementation Methodology," Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure, Inc., Albuquerque, New Mexico.